States circuit court for the eastern district States circuit court for the eastern district of Kentucky, in the case of the city of Covington against the Covington National SHOT HIMSELF IN HEAD Bank, holding to be invalid the Kentucky law requiring national banks of that state to make return of all shares for taxation

based on the ground of discrimination against national banks.

# NO WORD FROM CAMP

#### ITINERARY FOR RETURN TRIP OF THE PRESIDENT.

GLENWOOD SPRINGS, Colo., April 17 .-Upto noon today the expected courier from President Roosevelt had not arrived and no word had been received by Secretary Loeb, The secretary says he does not expect word from the camp more than two or three

times a week. The itinerary for the return trip of the President to Washington is nearly completed. There will be but two stops for receptons of a formal character. These are to be at Denver, where the board of trade will give a dinner, and at Chicago, where the President will attend a dinner by the Merchants' Club; a reception by the Hamfilton Club and a dinner by the Iroquois Club. The dates for the engagements de-pend upon what time the President con-

en route home, but the invitations men-tioned are the only ones to be accepted out of a deluge that has poured in on head-

It is likely the President will make three speeches at Chicago and one in Denver. The return trip will be over the Union Pacific to Omaha, over the Chicago Norchwestern to Chicago and over the Pennsylvania to Washington.

#### DEFINING A DAY'S WORK. New York Law Declared Unconstitu-

tional by Supreme Court.

In an opinion by Justice Peckham, the Supreme Court of the United States today held to be unconstitutional the New York state law making ten hours a day's work, and sixty hours a week's work in bakeries in that state. Justices Harlan, White, Day and Holmes dissented, and Justice Harlan declared that no more important decision had been rendered in the last century.

The opinion was handed down in the case of Lockner vs. the state of New York, and was based on the ground that the law interferes with the free exercise of the rights of contract between individuals. The court of appeals of the state upheld the law and affirmed the judgment of the trial court holding Lockner guilty. Judge Parker wrote the opinion of the New York court of appeals supporting the law, and the court divided four to three on the question

# CANAL COMMISSION.

Building. The headquarters of the Panama canal

commission were removed today from The Star building to the new offices in the Mils building annex. The members of the commission being in New York today on business connected with the reorganization of the Panama railroad, the time was consida part of today, at least, but by tomorrow the official personnel will be settled in the new quarters ready to continue the work of the body. The office of the purchasizer the body. The office of the purchasing agent of the commission will remain in the present quarters, on the fourth floor of The

#### SUPREME COURT ADJOURNMENT. Announcement Made by Chief Justice Fuller.

Chief Justice Fuller today announced that the Supreme Court of the United States would adjourn May 29. The call of the docket will be suspended April 28, and after that date the court will sit only to hear motions and deliver opinions. Sittings for the purpose will be held May 1, 15 and 29. The court also will take a reance of Good Friday. This arrangement leaves only eight days more of the present term for the hearing of arguments

## MRS. NELSON DEAD.

Was Mother of Late Mrs. Fair-Shared

Rich Estate. PLAINFIELD, N. J., April 17 .- Mrs. Hannah Nelson, mother of the late Mrs. Charles L. Fair, died at her home in Newmarket She was at one time a "bushel" woman in a clothing factory here. With other heirs of Mrs. Fair, she brought suit for a portion of the big estate of Charles L. Fair, the wealthy Californian, after the opposed. death of Mr. and Mrs. Fair in an automo-bile accident in France. The case was settled by agreement between the heirs

Senator Platt Continues to Mend. WASHINGTON, Conn., April 17.-The con-

lition of Senator O. H. Platt continued to show improvement today. His physician condition, there is a fair chance for him to work out of the grasp of the disease.

### First Race at Aqueduct.

AQUEDUCT, April 17 .- First race, twoyear-old fillies, four furlongs. Speedway, 4 to 1 and 6 to 5, first; Society Bud, 3 to 1, second; Edna Jackson, third. Time, 0:40%.

#### Dr. Reaney Dead at Detroit.

DETROIT, Mich., April 17.-Dr. P. H. Reaney, son of Capt. Reaney of the lighthouse service and brother of Chaplain day of tuberculosis, at the family residence

#### McGovern in a Sanitarium.

STAMFORD, Conn., April 17 .- Terry Mc-Govern, the pugilist, has been brought to a sanitarium here from New York. According to the physicians, he is suffering from nervous, mental and physical exhaustion, and it is expected that his stay in the institution will extend over several months.

#### Settled Out of Court.

The proceedings at law to recover damages in the sum of \$5,000, instituted by Edward Spaulding against Albert E. Hilleary, John L. Hilleary and Jefferson Hilleary have been entered settled and dismissed by order of the plaintiff's attorneys.

#### Building Permit Issued.

A permit was issued today to Mr. Frank A. Munsey for the erection of a ten-story fireproof building at 1329 E street northwest, which will be used as the future home of the Washington Times. The structure is to be fireproof throughout, will be of steel, brick and terra cotta construction, Night Attack April 15-Frequent marble trimmings, and will cost approximately \$300,000. McKim, Meade & White of New York are the architects and the George A. Fuller Company is the con-

### Slight Damage in Carolinas.

WILMINGTON, N. C., April 17 .- Ice and frost are reported this morning from the trucking belt of the Carolinas, but the damage is thought to be small, the greatest being to Irish potatoes and beans. Continued cold and frost again tonight are

The opinion was by Justice Day and was | Man Named Spencer Uses Revolver Today.

TRIES TO END LIFE

WAS IN BATH ROOM OF HOME-WARD BOUND MISSION.

Makes All Possible Effort to Hide His Identity-Was an Old

A man about forty years old, who was known at the Homeward Bound Mission under the name of Spencer, inflicted a fatal injury in the left side of his head with a .38-calibre revolver this morning about 11:39 o'clock. He was in the bath room of the Missouri avenue branch of the mission when he fired the fatal shot. A few minutes later Lieut, Edward Fisher, who is in charge of the mission, found the dving form tions whose hospitality the President will accept as soon as anything definite is received from the hunters' camp. There will be the usual number of water-tank stops that had been made by the big bullet. Before entering the bath room the unfortunate man made an effort to destroy every means of identification. His name had beer erased from his army manual and leaves had been torn from his note book. There had been a card left in the book, however, which may furnish his identification. The card was sent to George L. Keazer and was addressed to him at the local Soldiers' Home. The name Keazer had also been written in the book found among Spencer's effects and an effort had been made to erase it. The name J. B. Guess was also written in the book. The card mentioned showed that George L. Keazer was a veteran of the Spanish-American war and had seen infantry and cavalry service. During the time he had been about the mission he had said he served in the Philippines and that he was from Boston. There was nothing among his effects to show that he had

ever been granted a pension.

A man named Keazer had been an inmate of the Soldiers' Home, but had left there some months ago. The man who shot himself today had been stopping at the mission for several months, and seldom did any talking everal when under the indid any talking, except when under the in-fluence of liquor. Each night he paid ten cents for his bed, and said he would have paid by the month if he had been certain what was going to happen to him. Some days ago he told Lieutenant Fisher that he had no relatives. Many times he would not leave the mission during an entire day. He occupied a cot in a room on the second floor, and there was nothing about the surcoundings which was calculated to make it appear that there was very much in life Moving Headquarters to the Mills poor man could afford, however, and he made the best of his surroundings. At times he complained that he was sick, and went to the local dispensaries. Several bot-tles of medicine that had been given him were found in his valise.

Prompted by Illness. It is the belief of Lieut, Fisher that illness prompted him to shoot himself. The lieutenant was making up beds on the top ered most opportune for the removal of the floor of the house when he heard a noise, furniture, files and documents from the old but did not imagine that it was made by the offices to the new. Most of the employes discharge of a revolver. Later when he

bath room floor. "He cannot possibly live," said Dr. White, who responded with the ambulance from the Emergency Hospital, "but we will do

all we can for him. The wounded man was placed in the am-bulance and hurried off to the hospital. That he lived to reach the hospital surprised the doctor. On account of the nature of the wound it was found useless to attempt an operation, and there was but little that could be done for the patient.

At a late hour this afternoon he was alive but death is expected at any moment.

### THE EQUITABLE LIFE

LEAVE TO INTERVENE AGAINST MUTUALIZATION GRANTED.

NEW YORK, April 17 .- Leave to intervene in the action of Franklin B. Lord against the Equitable Life Assurance Society to prevent the mutualization of the society was granted today to H. Van Rensslaer Kennedy of New York city, holder of sixteen shares of Equitable stock, Mr. Kennedy in the action also represented as administrator the estate of Rachael Lennox Kennedy, owner of four shares. The application was granted by Justice Maddox of the supreme court in Brooklyn and was un-

A large number of general agents of the Equitable Society have arrived in this city from various parts of the country. will remain here about a week and will hold meetings beginning tomorrow.

### MORE GEORGETOWN CASES.

said that considering the senator's general Likely to Grow Out of Crap Game Trial.

It is more than likely that Georgetown policemen will soon take up more time of the trial board. As soon as the cases of Policemen Walsh, Hoffman and Laleger, who were tried for alleged crap playing in the station, are disposed of, it is thought, charges will be preferred against ant, Capt. Morrow, are of the opinion that several of those who were witnesses in the so-called crap cases. Should these charges be filed it is more than probable that allegations of alleged untruthfulness will have to be answered. The testimony Reaney of the United States navy, died to- in the cases that were tried last week will be transmitted to the Commissioners this

week. It is known that the three members of the trial board have reached a conclusion in the cases, but their finding will not be sent to the Commissioners.

It is now stated that another member of the Georgetown precinct is likely to be called upon to answer charges. Rumor has it that Mounted Sergeant Harry is likely to be called before the board because of a complaint that he made certain objectionable remarks about Major Sylvester and several members of his staff. Mounted Policeman Hillery Smith, it is said, is responsible for this complaint.

Sergt. Harry was formerly connected with the ninth precinct station, and was also de-tailed at the White House for a long time. It is thought that charges will be preferred against him in time for his case to be heard by the trial board this week. Lieut, Jordan received a report of the sergeant's alleged utterances from Policeman Smith, it is re-ported, and the paper was transmitted to the superintendent of plice. It is alleged that the sergeant made remarks about Maj. Sylvester and the captains who are on duty

### RUSSIANS REPULSED.

Cavalry Collisions.

TOKYO, April 17, 2:30 p. m .- The following official report was issued today from the headquarters of the Japanese armies n Manchuria:

"On the night of April 15, five squadrons

of the enemy's calvary entered Sanyen-ching on the Fakoman-Fenghua road. Our force made a night attack and repulsed the enemy northward. The enemy was panicstricken and left eight men dead on the field. Our losses were two men killed.

RENEWED WITH VIGOR BY PAR-TICIPANTS TODAY.

Statement Made by President Farr Concerning the Conditions.

The strike of the paper hangers of Washington was renewed with vigor today, when President R. E. Farr of the Master Paperhangers' Association, issued a signed state ment setting forth the side of the organiza-tion in the controversy with the journeymen. This statement brought acuteness to the prevailing situation, and, to use a military phrase, "hostillties were renewed with vigor.'

President Farr, in his statement concerning the strike situation, said: "The true situation of the Master Paper Hangers' Association is that every member of the association who, before the strike was declared, agreed not to pay the advanced wages, have kept that agreement, and they, with the exception of three firms which are not members of our association, are with us on the per diem scale, but are working their men piecework, which is the old scale, and two of these firms are now very largely working their men piecework, and I am convinced that the limitation and I am convinced that the limitation that was put on the men will keep them from paying the \$3.50 per day, for one of these employers told me that he tried one job giving the man \$3.20 per day, and on account of his slowness lost \$4 on the job, and this was a firm that will not take a job unless it can make a fair and equitable job unless it can make a fair and equitable The members of the association are getting their work done, and in the ma-jority of cases the best mechanics, who left the union, we are giving \$3.50 per day and

more.

"To those the price we paid before the strike came off. We contend that we will pay a man on his merit and let his ability regulate his pay, but we do not propose to pay good, bad and indifferent men the high wages when their work is 50 per cent poorer in quantity and quality. Some of our men got \$1,250 per year when the scale was only \$500. In placet every case a man was only \$500. In almost every case a man will get what he is worth. One man, who is not a member of our association, signed the scale and the men went to work, but after they found they had to pay a portion of their wages to support the strike they quit and said they may as well walk around as work. At any rate, the wallpaper dealers that are reported to have acceded to the demand are not members of our association, and almost in every case either work themselves or a man and a boy, and with some of them they agree to pay as far as the union is concerned, but pay what they please, for in competition they always get the job, unless the customer wants something creditable in his own house or better class of houses, when he goes to a firm that has some standing in the

community.
"No; we refuse to be driven to the business of holding up our customers for an un-just demand."

Mr. Hoffman's Views.

When a reporter for The Star called the attention of President Edward L. Hoffman of local Paper Hangers' Union No. 420, and Secretary J. A. Jones to the statements of the master paper hangers, through their president, they made the following official statement over their signatures: "In answer to the communication of the

Master Paper Hangers' Association, we emphatically deny their statement that we have not signed any member of their association, as we have signed several of their members "They speak of rating a man. The only true way to rate a man is to pay him plecework, as then he gets only what he

earns. But that is usually more than the day scale calls for. We very much doubt the statement of any paper hanger receiving \$1,250 per year the scale only called for \$800. We also deny the statement that any

"We wish to say that the employers who have signed our scale are adhering strictly to our agreement and are paying the scale

demanded of them. "We also deny that we are trying to drive our employers, inasmuch as they had promised us what are are now asking for. We must say that the prospects are very bright, as we have signed over two dozen of the wall paper stores in town." Both sides to the controversy declare they will remain unyielding to the demands of the other side, and the outlook is that a "make or break battle" will be fought from

### PRISONER WAS RADIANT.

Nan Patterson on Hand and Hopeful for Early Release.

Special Dispatch to The Evening Star. NEW YORK, April 17.—Clothed in silken raiment, cheerful and confident of acquittal, Nan Patterson crossed the Bridge of Sighs from the Tombs today ready for her third trial on the charge of murdering Caesar Young. The young actress is apparently undisturbed by the presence of new witnesses for the prosecution. She believes that at the end of the present trial she will be free again.

Her new dress is very handsomely made and trimmed, and was designed at her order for her trial. The material is light check silk, one of the new patterns, and she has a new hat in keeping with the gown, to wear in the court room. Shortly after rising, at 7 o'clock, her breakfast was sent in to her from the caterer.

### BREAKS IN CEMENT WORK.

Unequal Settling of the Connecticut Avenue Bridge.

The unequal settling of foundations under the abutment on the east side of the new Connecticut avenue bridge has caused several breaks in the cement work, but, according to those in charge of the improvement, the damage can easily be repaired without delay in the progress of construction. The Engineer Commissioner, Col. Biddle, and his assistit will cost in the neighborhood of \$10,000 to make the repairs, and it has not been determined whether the District will have to defray the expense or the contractors, the District Construction Company. The foundations are on filled ground and were laid several years ago under separate contract. There is no disposition to blame any one, however, until after a thorough investigation has been made.

Jury in Hamilton Murder Trial.

The fellowing were selected late this afternoon to decide the question of the guilt or innocence of William W. Hamilton, charged with murder: N. B. Fleet, Harry T. O'Hara, Robert D. Howell, William H. Linger, Hill Blandford, Thomas W. Foster, Notley Anderson, Charles Specht, Edward Forest, Edgar C. Black-man, Charles L. Howard and W. D.

After the selection of the jury the introduction of testimony was begun. It is understood the defense will contend that Hamilton was not mentally responsible at the time of the commission of the alleged crime,

Mystery Over Woman's Suicide.

PATERSON, N. J., April 17.-It is believed here that the woman who committed suicide in Altoona, Pa., yesterday by throwing herself under a freight train was Mrs. Fannie Long, a step-sister of Mrs. William Krantz of this city. A piece of paper bearing Mrs. Krantz's address was found in the

dead woman's possession.

Mrs. Long was about thirty-five years old.

She left here a week ago to go to her husband, who was sick in a hospital, the location of which Mrs. Krantz did not know. Mrs. Long purchased a round trip railroad ticket for \$16 and that is the price of a ticket from Paterson to Altoona and return.

Painting to Be Unveiled. A handsome painting of Mrs. Charles W.

Fairbanks, the work of Mr. F. Carl Smith, will be unveiled this evening in Continental

# PAPERHANGERS'STRIKE TO TAKE TESTIMONY JUDGE L. WELDON PANAMA COMMISSION STRIKERS

Subcommittee May Act for Senate Committee.

TALKING OF METHODS

HEARINGS ON RAILWAY BATES TO BE RESUMED.

Meeting of the Senate Committee on Interstate Commerce This Afternoon.

The Senate committee on interstate commerce reassembled at the Capitol today to resume its hearings on the subject of the regulation of railroads by the government It was found that the committee had an important matter to decide, so that no arrangement was made for the hearing of witnesses today, but the first thing tomorrow the committee will open its doors to

witnesses and will hear their testimony. The question that the committee will want to decide today relates to the manner in which the hearings shall be conducted. The Senate authorized and directed the committee to "consider the question of additional legislation to regulate interstate commerce and to authorize the interstate commerce commission to fix rates of freights and fares and to acquire further information as to interstate commerce, including violations or evasions of the anti-rebate law and the devices and methods by which such evasions are accomplished, and including refrigerator and other private-car systems, industrial rallway trucks, switching charges and the like, and also to consider what legislation should be enacted in relation to the liability of railway companies engaged in interstate traffic or operating lines in any territory of the United States for injuries received by their employes when in the discharge of

A Subcommittee Suggested.

This instruction as to the scope of the inquiry the committee is to make is very extensive and calls for a long series of hearings. While these meetings are likely to result in a great deal of interesting data being gathered for the benefit of the Senate, and also to enable the committee to formulate a bill to comply with the purpose sought by the Senate, it has developed that a large number of the members of the committee do not relish the idea of sitting n a room during the long and hot summe days that are to come and personally listening to the testimony that is to be of-fered by distinguished men whose opinions are greatly valued. They think they can just as well remain at home or attend to other business, and later read the printed report of the testimony, leaving to a subcommittee the work of conducting the hear-

ings.
For that reason when the committee assembled this afternoon at 3 o'clock the question of appointing a subcommittee was taken up, and before it adjourns today it is likely that it will have been decided to appoint such a committee to conduct the hearings. Senator Elkins, chairman of the committee, will of course be chairman of the subcommittee, and he will, it is expected, be present at all of the hearings. The subcommittee will probably consist of five members, and this subcommittee will be made up of senators who find that they can give up as much of their time as may be necessary to give the subject the fullest consideration.

Opposition to the Suggestion.

The result of the committee's meeting today and consideration of this subject will not be known until late this afternoon. The suggestion to have such a subcommittee as is proposed will be opposed vigorously by some senators who think that they should all be present in order to make the inquiry

as complete as possible.

Even those who do not take the view that the investigation should not be carried on by a subcommittee concede that such a course is warranted so far as the authority of the committee is concerned The committee will use its subcommittee merely to procure the data on which the full committee will act. The subcommittee will also probably draft a bill which it will report to the full committee as a measure which will comply with the purposes of the Senate in authorizing the hearings.

Railway Men Asked to Appear. The following railroad men have been requested to appear before the committee to-

morrow morning: W. K. Vanderbilt of the New York Central, George Gould of the Gould system, E. H. Harriman of the Union Pacific, J. J. Hill of the Great Northern, A. J. Cassatt of the Pennsylvania, E. D. Kenna, vice president of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe; Wal-ker D. Hines, general counsel of the Louisville and Nashville; Hugh L. Bond, general counsel of the Baltimore and Ohio; Winslow Pierce, general counsel of the Gould system; President Hughitt of the Chicago and Northwestern, President Ripley of the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe; President Tuttle of the Boston and Maine, Vice President Wilcox of the Delaware and Hudson, President Truesdale of the Delaware, Lack-awanna and Western; President Spencer of the Southern, President Mellen of the New York, New Haven and Hartford, and President Fish of the Illinois Central. Of these only Messrs. Cassatt, Fish, Spencer and Tuttle have signified a willingness to at-tend, and they say they will not be able to be present at the beginning of the committee's sittings. Among the non-railroad men to be heard are Senators Spooner, Knox and Morgan, Prof. W. Z. Ripley of Harvard University, and Victor Morawetz, the corpora-tion attorney of New York,

Requests have been made for the privilege of appearing before the committee from the

C. W. Robinson, New Orleans, La.; T. B. Thurber of the Union League Club of New York; Joseph Nimmo, jr., statistician, Washington; Henry R. Post, San Francisco; George F. Meade, Boston, Mass.; Paul Jones, New York; H. T. Newcomb, Washington; J. H. Hale, Harvard College; George S. Gardiner, Mississippi, and J. T. West-brook, Wallace, N. C.

Adoption of Boy Legalized. Justice Stafford, in Equity Court No. 2. today signed an order legalizing the adoption of Joseph Robinson Schafer by Anthony Z. Tyssowski.

Retail Grocers' Association.

The third anniversary of the Retail Grocers' Protective Association of Washington will be celebrated by the members of that organization and their friends this evening at Pythian Temple, 1012 9th street northwest. This association was incorporated May 7, 1902, and includes in its membership some of the sterling business men of the District. The chairman of the general committee on the function this evening is Mr. H. I. Meader. Associated with him are Messrs. F. W. Kahlert, H. S. Haight, Otto Ruppert, J. M.

Denty, J. F. Schneider, Perry P. Patrick, J. T. White, A. H. Plitt, L. M. Brink, C. V. Sparrow, William T. Davis, B. T. Garrison, George E. Bohannon and A. H. Gregory.

The officers of the association are: Mr. T. Otterback, president; Mr. J. F.

Schneider, first vice president; Mr. F. W. Kahlert, second vice president; Mr. Charles J. Magill, secretary; Mr. J. H. Goodrich, treasurer; Mr. Otto Ruppert, sergeant-at-arms, and Mr. Charles F. Diggs, attorney. The trustees are Messrs. H. I. Meader, O. S. Pumphrey, M. Goddard, R. E. Smith, E. F. Hall, W. L. Hart, J. T. White, H. S. Haight, M. J. Whelan, L. F. Lusby and R. E. Milles

Pope's Encyclical Letter.

ROME, April 17.-The pope today ad-

CLAIMS TODAY.

The bench and bar of the Court of Claims held a memorial service today to Judge Lawrence Weldon, who died a few days ago. The speeches were made by a number of members of the bar, and were responded to by judges of the Court of Claims. There was feeling reference by all of them to the splendid qualities of Judge Weldon, and the tributes paid to him were many and deserved. Among the speakers were Assistant Attorney General Thompson of the Department of Justice, ex-Gov. Fifer of Illinois and J. H. Ashton. Mr. Thompson offered the following resolutions, which

were adopted: "Judge Lawrence Weldon died in the city of Washington April 10, 1905. Judge Weldon was first officially called to assist in the federal administration as justice by President Lincoln at one of the most criti-cal periods of the national history.

"The latter par of his twenty-one years of public service as a judge of the Court of Claims was spent in the consideration and decision of questions arising out of the and decision of questions arising out of the new era of national expansion. During his entire career of forty-four years his pa-triotic devotion to his country with untir-ing industry demanded the best services of an able mind.

"The bar of the Court of Claims recog-nizes in his death the loss suffered by this country of an earnest and devoted citizen and public officer; by his family of a kind and generous husband and father; by his and generous husband and lather, by his brethren on the bench of a learned, untir-ing and genial colleague; by the members of a bar of a just, acute and impartial judge, and by his friends of a sympathetic,

judge, and by his friends of a sympathetic, broad-minded and kindly man.

"Be it therefore resolved by the bar of the Court of Claims, That the life of Judge Weldon should be held in memory as an example of honor, pustice, devotion to duty, affection for his fellow men, to be cherished and imitated by those who survive him. "Be it further resolved, That the fore

going memorial and resolution be pre sented to the Court of Claims with the re quest that they be spread upon the min-utes of the court; that a copy thereof be sent to the family of the deceased, and that upon the presentation of the same to the court the members of the bar unite in a suitable expression of their feeling at this sad event."

#### FUNERAL OF GEN. PAINE.

Remains Interred in Arlington Cemetery-Dr. Hamlin's Eulogy.

The funeral services over the remains of the late General Halbert E. Paine were conducted at his late residence, 1781 Columbia road, at 11 o'clock this morning. Rev. Teunis S. Hamlin, pastor of the Church of the Covenant, officiated, and delivered a brief eulogy in tribute to the memory of deceased. The body was interred in the new section of Arlington National ceme-tery in a plot of ground near the last resting place of General Estes.

The services at the residence were very

"When I first came to Washington this place where we are now seated was a swamp, and nobody dared to venture below the avenue. We have here today the Corcoran Art Gallery, dedicated to the memory of a philanthropic man; on the other side we have a building dedicated to the memory of the father of our country—the George Washington University; impressive, and a large concourse of inti-mate friends of the deceased was present The floral tributes which covered the handsome casket were many and beautiful. Conspicuous among these was a large wreath sent by Kit Carson Post, G. A. R., with which Gen. Paine was af-filiated.

Rev. Dr. Hamlin read the burial service

of the Presbyterian Church and made a few appropriate remarks upon the life and character of the deceased. He dwelt upon his conspicuous service to his country. His duty had been performed well in many fields, he said, and he was gallant upon the battlefield in defense of his country. Won fame in the halls of Congress, and rounded out his brilliant cahis country. reer by a conscientious administration of

A large cortege escorted the procession to conducted under the auspices of the Grand Army of the Republic. A firing squad from Fort Myer gave the usual military salute, and a bugler of the United States army sounded "taps" at the close of the caught the most beautiful idea that has

The list of pallbearers, who were selected principally from General Paine's business and official associates, were: Honorary, Judge C. C. Knott, chief justice of the Court of Claims; A. R. Spofford, former librarian of Congress; Col. Ira Gardener, Mr. B. H. Warner, Capt. James H. Bradford, Col. Henry E. Davis, Justice Charles F. Bunday, Justice H. Randall Webb, Judge Stanton J. Peelle, Capt. George W. Honney. Active pallbearers, J. Barton Miller, Edward L. Chapman, Henry Calver, C. T. Belt, Robert J. Walker, W. C. Duvall.

Witnesses of Lincoln's Death.

To the Editor of The Evening Star: On the anniversary of President Lincoln's death The Star told the story for the first time of how it was that Lincoln happened to be taken into the house where he died, and it was stated that of all the notables who were at the bedside when he died only

four are now living. There are two other persons besides those mentioned, now living, who were at the bedside when the President died. One is Gen. Thomas T. Eckert, who was then assistant secretary of war, afterward president of the Western Union Telegraph Company, and is still an official of that company in New York. The other person is Gen. Thomas W. Vincent, then of the War Department, and still living in this city, and Mr. Stanton when he went home left Gen. Vincent as his representative in the closing scene and in the removal of the body to the White House. It was Gen. Vincent who placed coins on the dead Presi-dent's eyes. It was Gen. Eckert who received from Mr. Stanton and sent to a waiting nation telegrams of the condition of the President during the night. There were twenty-eight persons in the room at the time President Lincoln died and the youngest of them were John Hay and Robert T. Lincoln. Notes were taken by Dr. Abbott of the pulse and of the respiration every five minutes, commencing at 11:05 p.m. and ending at 6:22 a.m., and the only words spoken at this solemn moment were by Stanton, who said: "He now belongs to the ages." Dr. Abbott was sitting on one side of the bed holding an open watch and noting the pulse; Surgeon General Barnes and Secretary Wells were sitting at the other side of the bed. All others pres-ent were standing and all were looking at the dying President except Stanton, the greatest of all, who loved him better than

all and knew him best of all. A. E. H. JOHNSON. Private Sec'y to Secretary Stanton (1865).

To the Editor of The Evening Star: I believe I can add two more living witnesses of the death of Abraham Lincoln to the list already given. Gen. Thomas M. Vincent, United States army, a resident of this city, closed the eyes of the dead President, and Mr. Henry Ulke, the distinguished portrait painter of

this city, was also present, and actively assisted in rendering aid to the surgeons in attendance. The latter has been urged over and over again by his friends to nistorical picture of this scene, and no one could be more competent in all respects to accomplish an acurate delineation and a work of art. But he has invariably refused, as it would savor of egotism and draw upon him consequent criticism, as his own portrait would appear among the others present. Congress should request him to perform this duty.

GILBERT THOMPSON. Hearing in Towles Note Case.

Hearing was begun today before Justice Barnard and a jury in Circuit Court No. 1 of the suit at law filed by the Traders' National Bank against Henry O. Towles Charles C. Bryan, Gilbert B. Towles and Zenas C. Robbins to recover \$15,000—one of the Towles promissory notes cases. Attorneys Gordon & Gordon represent the plaintiff, and Attorneys A. S. Worthington, R. Ross Perry, W. C. Clephane, Brandenburg & Brandenburg and F. P. B. Sands are entered as counsel for the defendants.

Mrs. Robert Givens of Crowfoot, two miles from Berlin, N. J., shot her husband twice as he lay in bed Saturday night and then tried to kill herself. She fired three shots at her own head, but all the bullets went continued cold and frost again tonight are predicted, and the greatest anxiety prevails among growers. Strawberries have escaped practically unhurt.

The descaped practically unhurt is a second of the daughters of the testatrix, are the beneficities and the greatest anxiety prevails among growers. Strawberries have escaped practically unhurt.

The daughters of the testatrix, are the beneficities and the greatest anxiety prevails and frost again tonight are occurring at various places. Otherwise there is said. Mrs. Givens will recover, it is said. Mrs. Givens will recover the beneficities and the world on the mark. Givens will recover, it is said. Mrs. Givens will recover the beneficities and the will of Mary E. Maher, law of the mark. Givens will recover the beneficities and the will of Mary E. Maher, law of the mark of the testatrix, are the beneficities and the members of the testatrix, are the beneficities and the members of the testatrix, are the beneficities and the mark of the mark. Givens will recover the will of the mark of the ma

MEMORIAL SERVICE AT COURT OF MEMBERS WERE IN SESSION IN NEW YORK TODAY.

been held at noon, but they were postponed

Those in attendance at the meeting of

the commission include Theodore P. Shonts.

who is at the head of the reorganized com-

mission; Judge Magoon, Col. Edwards of

the bureau of insular republics; William

Barclay Parsons, a member of the old com-

mission, who will probably be retained in the new one, and William Nelson Cromwell.

Board of Directors Elected.

the Panama Railroad Company was elect-

ed today: Theodore F. Shonts, J. F. Wal-

lace, Charles F. Magoon, Mordecai T. En-

dicott, Peter C. Hains, B. N. Marrod, Os-

wald H. Ernst, William Nelson Cromwell.

It is understood that Mr. Shonts will be

elected to the presidency of the reorganized

William Barclay Parsons, Clarence R. Ed-

wards, J. R. Obaldia, R. L. Farnham and Edward A. Drake.

sion immediately upon its election to organ-ize. Secretary Taft left the conference about that time stating his intentions to re-turn immediately to Washington. It is un-

derstood that practically the stock of the

railroad company is now in the hands of the

SENATOR DOLLIVER'S ADDRESS.

He Talks to the Daughters of the

Revolution.

Mrs. Fairbanks, in introducing Senator

Johnathan P. Dolliver this morning at

Continental Hall, said that he was the

silver-tongued orator of the west. He

said, after the applause subsided, that it

would have required more than revolution-

ary courage to have faced 3,000 women if

he had not spied among them a few men.

He declared that there is great interest and

beauty attached to this occasion. Of course,

it requires a little imagination, he said, to

it requires a little imagination, he said, to get a proper understanding of the occasion, but it does not require any to see the true magnificence of the work as compared with that of the society when it first evolved the idea of building a memorial hall.

"We do hereby give tribute to the real artists, the women who are the daughters of the mothers of the country," he declared. "After that we ought to think of the architect who drew the plans of this building. There can be no question that when the

There can be no question that when the work is completed you may all say 'All is well done,' not only upon the 'dream of the committee,' as referred to by Mrs. Fairbanks, but in reality I hope to see all this structure literally dedicated to the memory of the builders of dur. country

When I first came to Washington this

try—the George Washington University; but right between them you have, as I be-lieve, a far greater memorial—not dedi-cated in the memory of any one deed, but

created out of the dust of the earth by the patriotic women of this nation. "We heartily congratulate you on your splendid achievements. There is a gen-

eral misunderstanding of the purpose of this great society—the D. A. R. I did not

understand it myself until my wife in-formed me of its real mission. I thought

into our scheme of government.

is the time for a woman to write this his-

Guides of Nation's Mind.

If you get out of the obligation of writ-

teaching history to the children of the na-

tion. The women are the guides of the

nation's mind. They ought to see that their

children have a thoroughly reliable history of the United States, beginning at the very

cradle. They ought to be taught what American statesmen have done and thought,

American statesmen have done and thought, and what the American women have suffered that this divine thing men call their country may take its position among the nations of the earth. Facts concerning the

primitive virtues, simple life, or what ever other life they lived is what we wish to know-universal patriotism in fact.

forefathers and mothers when so much wealth and vice is displayed in our modern society. We have been in close places in

our history. In reading the history of our war for independence I always skip a few pages when I reach this point. It makes me

"We have with us today the representa-

tive of the nation which sent us a friend in one of these close places. We did not whip

the English, but by tact were them out. The people of the United States have a great feeling for the nation which came to our

escue during our hour of stress, especially

toward Washington's friend, Lafayette.

After more than a century since our birth we are friendly and in sympathy with all

the world, even with ourselves. Here you are today, representing 500,000 or a million American people, who are looking up the records in search of the grand past. I hope this will not only be your home, but also the home for your friends and for patriotism

home for your friends and for patriotism. This is and should be the center of the

patriotism of America. Above all, let this society become an inspiration and guide of

the people of America. This privilege be-longs to the women of a nation. You have

had great difficulty in attaining this posi-tion as guide—a woman guide. Let this

stand as a memorial to patriotism, and let

the womanhood of America no longer be an

Committee Presented.

At the close of the ceremonies Mrs. Fair-

banks called to her side Mr. Bernard Green,

Gen. George M. Sternberg, Gen. John M.

Wilson, Col. Robert Fleming and Mr. James Knox Taylor, supervising committee

of Continental Hail, and presented them to the audience in a graceful little speech

which was half lost in the applause which

One of the beautiful features of the morning was the salute to the flag by the Chil-

dren of the American Revolution. They marched in to the strains of "The Star-

Spangled Banner" and filed upon the stage, with their handsome silk flag in the center.

Pointing to the drooping banner, they recited the flag salute written for them by their first president, Mrs. Daniel Lothrop:

Will of Mary E. Maher.

"Our country's flag, to thee we give

Our heart's devotion while we live; Symbol of all that makes us free,

alienated portion of our country.'

followed.

feel much better

"We today appreciate the virtue of our

tory.

of the builders of our country.

The following new board of directors of

for a couple of hours.

company.

NEW YORK, April 17.-Secretary Taft Clubs in Chicago Today. and members of the Panama canal commission were in session today at the offices of the Panama Railroad Company. Meetings of the stockholders and directors of the AT THE FREIGHT HOUSES railroad company, control of which is now vested in the government, were to have

Police Forced to Use Their

MET AT EVERY TURN

Threat From Freight Handlers' Union -Spectator in Escaping Crowd Had His Hand Crushed.

CHICAGO, April 17.-Exasperating diffiulties were experienced at every 'urn today by the wagons of Montgomery Ward & Co., whose teamsters and garment workers are on strike. At the Michigan Central freight houses, in South Water street, the police escorting the Ward caravans met with stubborn opposition on the part of the teamsters in sympathy with the strikers. The anti-Ward teamsters loaded or unloaded their wagons with provoking slowness and told the police, "We are not pieces of machinery."

Many of the teamsters in the street leadng to the freight houses insisted that they had been waiting for two hours, and when the police made way for the Ward wagons to be loaded earlier than other wagons there was a loud complaint from each teamster.

Freight Handlers Threaten.

Members of the Freight Handlers' Union gave indications that unless the police ceased to give the Ward wagons right to unload before teamsters who had been walting ahead a strike among the freight handlers would be ordered.

place the police were forced to use clubs to make a passageway.

W. A. Richmond of Plymouth, Ind., a

Falls Church News.

pecial Correspondence of The Evening Star.

FALLS CHURCH, Va., April 17, 1905. At a secial meeting of the town council Saturday night, Mr. G. N. Lester tendered his resignation of the office of mayor and as a member of the council from the second ward, which was accepted. The vacancy in the office of mayor was filled by the election of Mr. W. M. Ellison, who qualified at once. Mr. Hawxhurst from the Second ward offered a resolution deferring the election of a councilman for the second ward until the next regular meeting of the council. The resolution was favored by Messrs. Hillier, Birge and Kimball and op-

posed by Mr. Brunner and was adopted.
Under a call by Mr. E. S. L. Bouton,
chairman of the republican party of the county, a conference of republicans was held Saturday at Vienna, which was attended by representatives from various sections of the county. Mr. W. B. King of Loudoun, a member of the state executive committee, was present and addressed the conference, giving in detail the plan of the state chairman, to insure a full vote of the party at the fall election. This plan will be put into effect by County Chairman Bouton. It will be urged by the leaders throughout the state that a full ticket be nominated in every county. Mr. R. R. Farr, postmaster at Fairfax Court House, a young man of ability, is spoken of as a candidate for the legislature from this county.

it was a great scheme to keep up the old family traditions of the American revo-lution. I further understood that it had originated in Virginia. It did not seem to Lieut. W. R. Eastman of Falls Church,

> Rev. George S. Painter of the Baltimore conference preached in the M. E. Church Sunday morning.

Mr. W. H. Nowlan has rented his house on Washington street to Mrs. Arnold. Mr. Hardie of the War Department and Mrs. Hardie, Mr. and Mrs. Barrett of Chi-Mrs. L. B. Parker of Buffalo, N. Y., and Mr. Anderson of Pennsylvania are the

Washington, D. C., preached at Old Falls Church Sunday and was the guest of Mrs. Fannie Northrup, who has been the guest of her brother, Mr. E. J. Northrup,

From the Lynchburg News. their patrons than books of any other class not to read at all. To a certain extent any novel stimulates the mind and creates a desire for more information. A good histori-cal novel attracts attention to the period treated and leads the reader on to the person treated and leads the reader on to the person of the Chronicle may be that the novel of today is not equal to the production of the great novel writers of the past, like Scott, George Eliot, Thackeray or Dickens. This may be

From the Prineville (Ore.) Review. The wedding cannot be very far off now.

EXASPERATING DIFFICULTIES

The crowd at the west side warehouse of Ward & Co. was so unyielding that when a string of the firm's wagons reached the

spectator, ran toward a saloon when he saw the police charge the crowd. His hand was caught in a door and badly crushed.

who has been located in the Philippines dur-ing the past three years, has been ordered When I found he the patriotic women of the nation were gathering up the fragments of the past, I saw that you had to California for duty elsewhere.

Mrs. S. D. Tripp has returned home from ever been thought of by anyone in this a visit of several weeks to her son in New world. I have sometimes wished that some York city.

divinely gifted woman of this country would write a history of our birth and early life. I have wished that they would do for our country what Collins did for England, or Carlisle for Scotland; facts Mr. M. E. Church has rented the hous belonging to Mrs. W. J. Capner to Mr. John concerning the colonial period, their dress, their clothing, their habit, showing the be-B. Doughton, jr., of the War Department, and the one belonging to Miss Ella Sprankle ginning of the nation. There is one thing to Mr. Robert P. Stone of Washington, D. C. I want you to do and that is for this so-Mr. J. Granville Adams of Front Royal, elety of the Daughters of the American Va., has purchased the house belonging to Miss Isabel Metz. Revolution to write this history of the United States. The tendency of history is to smooth things over and to confuse. Now

guests of Miss Green.
Rev. Mr. Johns of Christ Church, Northng this history, you cannot get out of

> for several weeks, has returned to her ho at Oneonta, N. Y.

Decline of the Novel. The Chicago Chronicle says: "It begins to look as if the passion for novel reading had begun to die down of its own excess." Where the Chronicle finds evidence of this decline is not very apparent. On the contrary, there are indications that novel reading is more universal today than ever before. A popular novel reaches a sale that would have been astonishing to our ancestors. The circulating libraries re-port that more novels are taken out by The reading habit is more widely spread than in any former generation and most persons read for amusement. For that reason they prefer interesting stories to more solid literature. It may be regretable that this is the fact, but nevertheless it is a fact. After all, it is better to read novels than

true. Time alone can show.
Writers of the first order in any department of literature do not spring up every year. The crop is not perennial, but occasional. The English-speaking race has produced but one Shakespeare. The last generation could boast of but one Tennyson. It goes without saying that most of the novels that are pouring in a full stream from the press today will be ephemeral. The next generation will know nothing about them, but among them are a few that will live.
And it is not always possible to say which
of them are destined to long life. Much
will depend on the taste of the coming generation. Posthumous popularity has been the fate of many an author who is neglecteration ed by his own generation. In any view of the case we cannot concur in the opinion expressed by the Chronicle that the novel is passing. There is about as much truth in that statement as in a similar one with respect to the horse. The electric car has come, the bicycle and the automobile are with us. Nevertheless, the horse remains and is likely to remain indefinitely for purposes of pleasure and utility. And the novel, too, is likely to hold its place in the public estimation without any danger of being driven out by other forms of litera-

Matrimony Will Out.

To thee we render loyalty.
Then stars like thine with radiant light
Shall make this land of promise bright,
When all her youth shall loyal be,
To thee, O Flag of Liberty.
The statement in The Star of Sunday that Indiana had furnished three presidents general of the D. A. R., and that Mrs. Sternberg was coming forward as a fourth, is not correct, as Mrs. Harrison and Mrs. Fairbanks were born in Ohio, and Mrs. Sternberg has not lived in Indiana since 1868, and really belongs to the whole United States having lived in half the Every evening they go down and visit their future residence, inspect the linoleum on the kitchen floor and sweep the carpets clean of any unfortunate speck of dust that happens to stray in through the windows.
The kitchen stove has received three coats
of blacking in readiness, and the parlor
table is covered with the finest damask. States, having lived in half the states of the Union. For the past ten years she has made her home in Washington. If we hadn't been sworn to secrecy, Mart, we should certainly give the names to the